

**Trench** – A long, narrow ditch used in warfare, especially during WWI.

**Alliances** – Agreements between countries to support each other.

**Imperialism** – The policy of extending a country's power and influence through colonization or military force.

**Nationalism** – A strong sense of pride in and devotion to one's nation.

**Militarism** – The belief in building up strong armed forces to prepare for war.

**Frontline** – The area where opposing armies face each other.

**Home Front** – The civilian sector of a nation at war, including efforts to support the military.

**Propaganda** – Information spread to promote a particular cause or viewpoint.

**Rationing** – Limiting the amount of food and resources available during wartime.

**Treaty of Versailles** – The agreement that officially ended WWI and imposed penalties on Germany.

**Casualty** – A person who is killed or injured in a war.

**Remembrance** – Honouring those who fought and died in wars.



Year A

Autumn 2

Year 5/6

World War 1



In Flanders fields the poppies grow  
Between the crosses, row on row  
That mark our place: we are to they  
That walk the lonely way. They  
Scarce heard amid the guns below.

We are the Dead. Short days ago  
We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,  
Lived, and were loved, and now we lie  
In Flanders fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe:  
To you from failing hands we throw  
The torch: be yours to hold it high!  
If ye break faith with us who die  
We shall not sleep, though poppies grow  
In Flanders fields.

John McCrae